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Cellmid Limited (ASX:CDY) Annual Report

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Chairman's Report



Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to present to you the 2012 Annual Report of Cellmid Limited.

The 2012 financial year continued to present challenging market conditions for Cellmid, as for other companies in the biotechnology sector competing for scarce capital in risk-averse markets. Despite this difficult environment, I am pleased to report that the Company has continued to build successfully on our important midkine programmes, and (through our controlled entity Advangen International Pty Ltd) commenced commercial sales of our TGA listed évolis[®] hair growth products in Australian pharmacies. Advangen enjoys exclusive manufacturing and distribution rights internationally, outside of China and Japan, and this global product platform is expected to deliver significant revenues for the Company in the coming years.

It is especially pleasing that the Company has continued to make encouraging progress on the midkine product development programmes. Humanising the first in class anti-midkine antibody, hu91, in November 2011 represented a key therapeutic milestone. It is expected that hu91 and the Company's other antibodies will continue to be tested in several therapeutic areas in the coming year including in inflammatory and cancer disease models.

The second report from our licensee Celera-Quest in early 2012 confirmed that midkine is one of the six markers on their lung cancer screening test. Their intention is to fully validate the blood test on an automated diagnostic platform and release it to market in the large global laboratory network available through the Quest pathology business. The test is designed as an adjunct diagnostic tool for those presenting with non-specific lung complaints. Lung cancer is one of the top cancer types by number of sufferers and there is an urgent need to improve early diagnosis and assist monitoring of treatment efficacy.

The Company's GMP manufactured MK ELISA was CE Marked in November 2011 and has since been field tested in independent laboratories in Australia, Japan, USA, Turkey and Germany. It has been popular with researchers and has performed exceptionally well in a 500 sample healthy volunteer study. As a result the Company has been able to establish the healthy reference values for midkine, as a critical first step in developing its own diagnostic products.

In June 2012 the Company sponsored the 2nd Excellence in Midkine Research Conference in Istanbul, with over 70

participants from 12 countries. The objective of the meeting was to foster collaboration between leaders in midkine research in a variety of therapeutic and diagnostic fields and provide an opportunity for Cellmid to promote the Company's intellectual property platform which underpins this diverse independent research. Presentations over the two day programme ranged from cancer research to midkine biology, and included new data on exciting potential treatments for musculoskeletal and inflammatory conditions. Several research and commercial collaborations are expected to arise from the deliberations at the Conference.

Further details of all these important developments can be found in the report from our CEO and Managing Director Maria Halasz elsewhere in this Annual Report.

With regard to the developing Advangen hair growth product business, our strategy for the period was to accelerate the over-the-counter business and mitigate the Company's financial risks by generating early revenues. To that end the Company has been successful in transferring the manufacturing technology to Australia and TGA listing the évolis[®] products so as to be able to include important hair growth related claims on the packaging – the latter a "first" in Australia for over 20 years. Following the launch of these novel products around the end of the reporting period, early indicators of market acceptance point to strong potential sales and an important early revenue stream.

Although the year in review has been especially challenging for "small cap" companies in our sector, as in other sectors, it is pleasing that the Company has made solid progress on both technical and commercial fronts; we enter the year ahead with good prospects for yet more progress on both fronts. It is of course disappointing that our progress is not well reflected in the share price performance, however we will continue to maintain focus on our business fundamentals.

Our staff and technical advisors deserve credit for their excellent work throughout the year, nobody more so than our indefatigable CEO Maria Halasz. On behalf of the Board I extend to them our sincere thanks. We also thank all our shareholders for their continued support.

Dr David King (Chairman



CEO'S Report

Dear Shareholder,

The 2012 financial year has been transforming for Cellmid as we have achieved a number of critical milestones in the areas of diagnostics, therapeutics and personal care.

We have commenced commercial sales of our over-thecounter (OTC) hair growth products in our personal care subsidiary Advangen International Pty Ltd. Humanising the first-in-class anti-midkine antibody (hu91) was a major achievement for our antibody program, whilst GMP manufacturing and CE Marking our midkine (MK) blood test (MK-ELISA) set us on the right path to commercialise our cancer diagnostic assets.

On the EGM held on 30 September 2011 the majority of our shareholders voted down the resolution to issue further shares to La Jolla Cove Investors under the facility signed a year before. Whilst the money from the facility was useful as it made it possible to progress with the product development programs it has resulted in the erosion of our share price. The facility was eventually terminated in February 2012 and the final share issue to La Jolla Cove Investors was made on 20 April 2012.

Since then Cellmid raised \$1.4M in April 2012, of which \$1M was received by 30 June 2012 ending the financial year with a cash balance of \$1.05M. The remaining \$400,000 was received post balance date in July 2012.

Our revenue was slightly up to \$171,273 for the year (\$152,047 in 2011). This amount included a small initial order of the évolis[®] hair growth products, which related to supply to around 100 Terry White Chemists.

The consolidated net loss of the group amounted to \$1,972,483, after providing for income tax. This represents a 15% decrease on the losses reported for the year ended 30 June 2011 (\$2,269,637). This result was achieved during a period when the Advangen business has grown rapidly and transformed from test marketing to getting regulatory listing, completing GMP manufacture and commercially launching the évolis[®] products to pharmacies.

Advangen International Pty Ltd – OTC pharmacy business

At the time we negotiated the exclusive manufacturing and distribution agreement for the FGF-5 inhibitor hair growth products we have done so with the specific strategic objective of mitigating risks for the Company. By eventually providing

regular cash flows we intended this business to underwrite the Company's overheads.

In late 2010 we embarked on a test-marketing program and began learning about the hair growth sector, market need, perceptions and pricing. By late 2011 we established that there was a genuine need for a scientifically and clinically validated, effective and safe hair growth product that can be used by men and women. We also found out that the last time a regulatory approved topical product was released to the market was in 1988, some 24 years earlier. That product was minoxidil, the vasodilator that was originally developed as a blood pressure medication.

At this point we knew we had a hair growth product that ticked all the boxes; it had a very clear mechanism of action inhibiting FGF-5. It was effective as demonstrated by the clinical trials that delivered 32% reduction in hair loss and 18% increase in the rate of hair growth. There have been no reported side effects in Japan following three years of marketing so we knew the products have excellent safety profile.

Even so, it took extraordinary team work by our staff to receive TGA listing certificates for both the men and women's product, to transfer the technology into Australia, complete GMP manufacture, launch the product in pharmacies and receive the first commercial purchase order from one of the biggest buying groups within nine months from completing the test marketing.

In February 2012 after three months of data collation and submission preparation Advangen's first Australian products, 'évolis[®] for men' and 'évolis[®] for women' hair growth tonics, received listing certificates from the TGA. This meant that important claims such as "promotes hair growth", "helps reduce hair loss and thinning" and "restores the natural growth cycle by inhibiting FGF-5" can now be listed on the packaging.

During our media launch on 29 March 2012 we advised the market that after 24 years there is a clinically validated hair growth product with a clear mechanism of action that is safe to use for all ages and for both men and women. Most importantly, we set up a quick succession of meetings with pharmacy banner group buyers, where the reception was uniformly enthusiastic. Our staff was understandably elevated when the first significant order came through from Terry White Chemists at the very end of the financial year.

It is difficult to predict sales at this stage and we do not expect to come out with forecasts for the first full year of sales. There

CEO's Report Continued

Table 1 - Advangen distribution strategy



are many reasons for this; it will take some time to reach the targeted number of pharmacy doors selling the product and the line-fill rate (the rate of re-order) is yet to be established. Furthermore, there is uncertainty around the timing and level of market penetration in international territories such as the USA, Europe, India and South America. Table 1 above provides a summary of our distribution strategy both in Australia and internationally.

MK Diagnostics

Whilst the 2012 financial year maybe called the year of évolis[®] we've kicked significant goals in our midkine (MK) programs. Our diagnostics business received a boost in August 2011 when we successfully transferred the MK-ELISA (blood test) technology from pilot to commercial GMP manufacture and the first 100 kits rolled off the manufacturing lines of Asure-Quality. This was a critical step in our cancer diagnostic program and using our own MK-ELISA has become the basis of all our subsequent data collection.

By October 2011 we received CE Marking of the MK-ELISA opening up sales opportunities to the research market as the first ever validated MK blood test. In December 2011 the first stage of our Kumamoto University collaboration was completed establishing the healthy MK reference range by measuring the MK levels in approximately 240 healthy individuals using our CE marked blood test. Knowing the healthy reference range is essential in assessing MK levels of cancer patients and a key component of our regulatory filing.

We have all been keen to get an update on our diagnostic licenses and in March 2012 Celera-Quest provided us with a brief report. Celera's lung cancer test in development, as confirmed by this update, does indeed include MK as one of six markers used in the panel. We have also been advised that Celera-Quest will launch the product as an LDT (laboratory developed device) utilising the extensive clear lab system available through Quest. Whilst we haven't received information on the timing of a product launch the test was in the process of being validated on an automated diagnostic platform at the time of reporting. Our in-house cancer diagnostic studies (CS5000) have been progressing to an extent that we have used up or sold all of the first batch of MK-ELISA kits and had to complete the second manufacturing batch with 250 units in June 2012.

CAB103 – MK Antibody program

Our strategic review of the MK antibody program in 2010 resulted in setting a clear path to product development in this business unit. During the 2011 financial year we have spent substantial resources to characterise and evaluate our MK antibodies, their binding characteristics and biological functionality. With more than 120 antibodies in our treasure chest there was much to do.

By early 2011 we selected a lead antibody candidate for humanisation and in October 2011 we had our first in class humanised and de-immunised anti-MK antibody (hu-91). The antibody engineering was done by Antitope Ltd in Cambridge. The collaboration proved to be a great success with a delivery of a drug candidate in record time. We have spent three subsequent months testing hu91 to confirm its binding characteristics and functionality.

In mid 2012 we began testing hu91 and other MK antibodies in pre-clinical models of diseases. We expect to continue this work as we have at least 12 different diseases to be tested in our menu of potentially suitable clinical indications.

CAMI101

Our therapeutic program for the treatment of heart attack has reached a critical point with the completion of pharmacokinetic studies. The next stage of additional efficacy studies in large animals is planned subject to the availability of sufficient funding.

Patent Portfolio Update

We have been actively managing our patent portfolio and have always had a strong focus on building a cohesive strategy that makes commercial sense. In addition, we have been giving consideration to preserving our position as the midkine company. With 21 patent families and 78 patents, many of them recently granted, Cellmid is the global leader in MK intellectual property.

During the 2012 financial year two of our antibody patent families have been enriched with the granting of US patents. In April 2012 our patent for the treatment of adhesion was allowed. Adhesion occurs between the abdominal wall and other organs in 95% of abdominal surgeries and can result in pain, bowel obstruction or infertility in women. Current prevention methods include wrapping internal organs in a bio-absorbable barrier to prevent them from fusing. The only way to treat adhesions is by repeat surgery and there is no approved drug for the prevention or treatment of this condition. It therefore presents a strong therapeutic opportunity for our anti-MK antibodies and is one of the diseases to be tested in preclinical models. In May 2012 our patent for the prevention and treatment of autoimmune diseases (T-reg patent) was allowed. A key patent in our antibody portfolio, this adds another layer of protection to use anti-MK antibodies for the treatment or prevention of diseases associated with functional disorder of regulatory T cells (T-regs). Regulatory T cells are central controllers of the immune system and when their numbers are abnormally low the body can attack its own tissues leaving the subject susceptible to autoimmune diseases. This is another promising area for Cellmid's anti-MK antibodies, which can boost T-reg numbers and protect the body from attacking its own immune system.

In addition to our new antibody patents in November 2011 the US Patent Office allowed our key midkine patent for the prevention and treatment of ischemia. This is a fundamental asset in our heart attack program and rounded up the patent family, which has now been granted in all major jurisdictions.

2nd Excellence in Midkine Research Conference

A very important event of the period was the 2nd Excellence in Midkine Research Conference. Cellmid was the sponsor of the event, which provided a scientific forum for close to 70 midkine researchers from twelve countries. Significantly, the conference demonstrated that midkine has become a mainstream interest for researchers in several therapeutic and diagnostic areas. This in turn is likely to provide the Company with commercial product opportunities given its extensive patent portfolio held within the area.

World-class midkine research was reported during the conference on the treatment of glioblastoma, prostate cancer and osteoarthritis as well as novel findings on the role of midkine in neurological disorders. Cellmid is already in discussions with individual researchers and organisations where collaboration may present a commercial opportunity.

The 2012 financial year presented many challenges and the funding environment continued to be less than favourable for the sector. In this period we have succeeded to grow a new business with cash flow potential, reducing our funding risk going forward. Overall the Company has closed a very successful operational period with a significant increase in asset value and a springboard for future success.

I would like to thank the Board and the committed Cellmid team for their contribution in achieving these substantial milestones this financial year. I would also like to thank our shareholders for their active support.

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Maria Halasz CEO and Managing Director



Directors' Report

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Your directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the group, being the Company and its controlled entity, for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Cellmid Limited during the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Dr David King Ms Maria Halasz Mr Robin Beaumont (resigned 27th August 2012) Mr Graeme Kaufman (appointed 27th August 2012)

Principal Activities and Significant Changes in the Nature of Activities

The principal activities of the group during the financial year were;

- the development and commercialisation of diagnostic and therapeutic products for the management of diseases such as cancer and various chronic inflammatory conditions by targeting midkine (Midkine business)
- the development and sale of over-the-counter (OTC) treatments to alleviate excessive and abnormal hair loss and reestablish the natural hair growth cycle (OTC business)

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities of the group during the financial year.

Operating Results and Review of Operations for the Year

The consolidated net loss of the group amounted to \$1,972,483, after providing for income tax. This represents a 15% decrease on the losses reported for the year ended 30 June 2011 (\$2,269,637). Revenue was slightly up to \$171,273 for the year (\$152,047 in 2011). This amount included the first month revenue from the commercial sales of the évolis[®] hair growth products, which related to supply to around 100 pharmacies.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The group has achieved significant commercial milestones in its OTC (over-the-counter) business and reached a number of product development goals in its midkine portfolio of programs.

OTC business - Commercial launch of évolis® hair growth products

Advangen International Pty Ltd has been set up to develop, manufacture and sell OTC products aimed at the hair growth market as well as to exploit the groups midkine intellectual property for hair growth. As exclusive distributor for a range of FGF-5 inhibitor products globally outside of Japan and China, Advangen prepared a strategic product development and marketing plan to commercialise the range internationally.

The critically important TGA listing of the évolis[®] for men and évolis[®] for women lotions was completed in February 2012. In March 2012 the first batch of Australian GMP manufactured goods were received and a media launch held. The first pharmacy banner group with 157 individual pharmacies agreed to stock the évolis[®] products in May and ordered the first wholesale supply in June 2012.

A fully operational commercial website for the sale of the évolis® products was launched in April 2012.

The group's patent application for the use of midkine for hair growth has advanced through the provisional phase and is currently under national phase examinations in Australia, USA, Europe, Japan, China, South Korea, UK and Switzerland.

Midkine Business - Progressing with the diagnostic and therapeutic assets

Midkine (MK) Diagnostic Program

MK ELISA

The group's MK ELISA (midkine blood test) was fully validated and the first batch of GMP manufactured test completed in August 2011. Shortly after, in October 2011, the group received CE marking of the test kit. The GMP manufactured and CE Marked MK ELISA has since been extensively road tested by scientists in Australia, Japan, USA, Turkey and Germany. Consistent performance of the test in the hands of independent users has been an important step in the commercialisation process. Due to increasing demand for the test on the research market, and due to advancing with several internal programs, a second GMP manufacturing run with 250 fully validated kits was completed in June 2012. Completion of GMP manufacture and CE marking represents a significant milestone in the commercialisation of the group's diagnostic intellectual property assets.

Celera-Quest license update

In March 2012 the group received its second annual report from Celera-Quest in relation to its license for the use of midkine as a biomarker for the early detection of lung cancer. The report has not provided specific product launch dates, however it has outlined the significant progress made in the development of Celera-Quest's six marker lung cancer test. Further, the group was advised that Celera-Quest will be launching the lung cancer test on the market as an LDT (laboratory developed test), utilising the extensive FDA licensed laboratory network that is provided by Quest. This could potentially accelerate the launch of the test.

Projects CK3000 and CS5000

As part of its cancer screening program the group has continued the CK3000 Project with the collection of over 450 healthy individual's serum samples. During the period 270 samples have been tested with the GMP manufactured and CE Marked MK-ELISA and the normal reference range study for the group's internal diagnostic programs was reported in December 2011. The study provided statistically relevant results, however sample collection and testing remains ongoing to underpin the quality of future regulatory submissions. Project CS5000 commenced in early 2012 with a partnership between the John Hunter Hospital and the group for the testing of an unspecified number of cancer samples. The collection process of blood samples from patients with prostate cancer has commenced earlier in the period and these samples have been

tested as part of a pilot project. The objective of this study was to establish whether prostate cancer patients have elevated blood midkine levels, which was confirmed by using the group's MK ELISA.

Advances in therapeutic product development

The group has two therapeutic programs, CAMI103 (heart attack) and CAB101 (antibody both in pre-clinical stage. Critical development milestones have been achieved in the antibody program (CAB101). Successful resolution of the technical challenges relating to the manufacturing of midkine has been the key achievement for the CAMI103 program during the period.

CAB101

This program is aimed to develop anti-midkine antibodies for the treatment of a range of inflammatory and autoimmune diseases. The program reached a critical milestone in October 2011 with the humanisation of the first in class anti-midkine antibody hu91. The antibody engineering was carried out by Antitope Inc in Cambridge, UK. Following humanisation hu91 was tested in a battery of in vitro assays for affinity and biological activity. In vivo animal studies have also commenced to identify the key therapeutic indication for clinical trials.

Several of the group's antibody patents have been granted during the period including the US applications for the treatment of adhesion and diseases associated with the down-regulation of T-reg cells (regulatory cells that modulate immune responses), both using antibodies against midkine.

CAMI103

Under this program the group is developing the midkine protein for the treatment of heart muscle damage following heart attack (AMI). The CAMI103 development program is a series of preclinical studies from Stage 1 to Stage 7. Following the completion of pharmacokinetic studies the group has spent some time refining the manufacturing process which is necessary before embarking on definitive efficacy studies in large animals.

2ND EXCELLENCE IN MIDKINE RESEARCH CONFERENCE

One of the most important events of the period was the 2nd Excellence in Midkine Research Conference. The group was the sponsor of the event which provided a scientific forum for close to 70 midkine researchers from twelve countries. Significantly, the conference demonstrated that midkine has become a mainstream interest for researchers in several therapeutic and diagnostic areas. This in turn is likely to provide the group with commercial product opportunities given its extensive patent portfolio held within the area.

World class midkine research was reported during the conference on the treatment of glioblastoma, prostate cancer and osteoarthritis as well as novel findings on the role of midkine in neurological disorders. The group has commenced discussions with individual researchers and organisations where collaboration may present a commercial opportunity.

Financial Position

The net assets of the consolidated group are slightly up at \$2,089,484 (\$2,037,968 as at 30 June 2011). The directors believe that the group is in a stable financial position to expand and grow its current operations.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

During the reporting period, the group has commenced commercial sales of its évolis® hair growth products through its controlled entity Advangen International Pty Ltd. During its first month of commercial sales in June 2012 the group has received revenue of \$47,000 from the supply of approximately 100 pharmacies. Information on Advangen International Pty Ltd is included under the heading "OTC business" above.

Dividends Paid or Recommended

The group has not paid or declared any dividends during the financial year.

Events after the Reporting Period

Subsequent to the closing of the reporting period the group raised \$400,000, increasing its net cash reserves from \$1,050,593 to \$1,450,593. In addition, the group has continued with the expansion of its pharmacy distribution as previously advised and is on track to reach the projected 400 pharmacy doors for the first twelve months of operations.

Future Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

Likely developments, future prospects and business strategies of the operations of the group and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report as the directors believe, on reasonable grounds, that the inclusion of such information could result in unreasonable prejudice to the consolidated group.

Environmental Issues

The group's operations are not subject to significant environmental regulations under the laws of the Commonwealth and the State.

Board and Audit Committee meetings

The number of meetings of directors held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

	Board meetings		Audit Committee meetings		Remuneration meetings	
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
	eligible to	attended	eligible to	attended	eligible to	attended
	attend		attend		attend	
Ms Maria Halasz *	7	7	0	4*	0	0
Dr David King	7	7	4	4	1	1
Mr Robin Beaumont	7	7	4	4	1	1
Mr Graeme Kaufman **	-	-	-	-	-	-

The Nomination Committee of the board met on several occasions during the financial year on an informal basis.

* Maria Halasz was in attendance by invitation.

** Mr Kaufman was appointed on 27th August 2012.

David King	– Chairman (Non-executive)
Qualifications	 Fellow of The Australian Institute of Company Directors, Fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a PHD in Seismology from the Australian National University.
Experience	 Experience in high growth companies and a track record in starting business ventures and developing them into attractive investment and or take-over targets.
Interest in Shares and Options	- Shares: 22,500,000 indirectly held.
Special Responsibilities	- A member of the Audit Committee, and Remuneration Committee
Directorships held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year	 Current directorships - Robust Resources Limited, Republic Gold Limited
	Previous directorship - Gas2Grid Limited, Ausmon Resources Limited, Sapex Limited and Eastern Star Gas Limited.
Maria Halasz	 Managing Director (Executive)
Qualifications	 A Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors; BSc degree in microbiology and an MBA from the University of Western Australia
Experience	 Over 18 years experience in biotechnology companies; initially working in executive positions in biotechnology firms, then managing investment funds and later holding senior positions in corporate finance specialising in life sciences.
Interest in Shares and Options	- Shares: 2,725,250 indirectly held.
	Options: 2,000,000 (Expiry: 16 April 2013, exercisable at 0.05735 eac Directly held.
	Options: 3,000,000 (Expiry: 03 July 2013, exercisable at 0.05735 each
	Options: 7,000,000 (Expiry: 17 November 2014, exercisable at 0.056 each) Directly held.
	Options: 5,000,000 (Expiry: 15 June 2017, exercisable at 0.032 each) Directly held.
Special Responsibilities	 Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer.
Directorships held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year	– None

Robin Beaumont	 Director – Non-Executive (Resigned 27th August 2012)
Experience	 Senior strategic adviser and experienced public company director, several years experience in biotechnology companies.
Interest in Shares and Options	 Shares: 1,875,000 shares indirectly held.
	 Options: 3,971,962 (Expiry: 15 November 2016, exercisable at \$0.03 each) Directly held.
Special Responsibilities	 Chairman of the Audit Committee, and member of the Remuneration Committee.
Directorships held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year	 Evogenix Ltd, Arana Therapeutics Ltd and Select Vaccines Ltd.
Graeme Kaufman	 Director – Non-Executive (Appointed 27th August 2012) BSc & MBA from Melbourne University
Graeme Kaufman Qualification Experience	 Director - Non-Executive (Appointed 27th August 2012) BSc & MBA from Melbourne University Over 45 years' experience in biotechnology spanning technical, commercial and financial areas. Having worked for 34 years at CSL Limited, Australia's largest biopharmaceutical company, he held senior positions including Production Director, General Manager Finance and General Manager Biosciences.
Qualification	 BSc & MBA from Melbourne University Over 45 years' experience in biotechnology spanning technical, commercial and financial areas. Having worked for 34 years at CSL Limited, Australia's largest biopharmaceutical company, he held senior positions including Production Director, General Manager Finance and
Qualification Experience	 BSc & MBA from Melbourne University Over 45 years' experience in biotechnology spanning technical, commercial and financial areas. Having worked for 34 years at CSL Limited, Australia's largest biopharmaceutical company, he held senior positions including Production Director, General Manager Finance and General Manager Biosciences. Options: 1,000,000 (Expiry: 1 June 2014, exercisable at \$0.05 each)

Remuneration report

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B. Details of remuneration
- C. Service agreements
- D. Share-based compensation
- E. Additional information

A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The performance of the group depends on the quality of its directors and executives.

To prosper, the group must attract, motivate and retain highly skilled directors and executives. To this end, the group embodies the following principles in its remuneration framework:

- provide competitive rewards to attract high calibre executives
- establish appropriate performance hurdles in relation to variable executive remuneration.

The Board of Directors assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of remuneration of directors and senior managers on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team.

Remuneration structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and senior manager remuneration is separate and distinct.

Non-executive director remuneration

Objective

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the group with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, while incurring costs that are acceptable to shareholders.

Structure

Each non-executive director receives a fixed fee for being a director of the group.

The constitution and the ASX listing Rules specify that the maximum aggregate remuneration of non-executive directors shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting of shareholders. At the general meeting of shareholders in 2005, the maximum amount set at \$300,000 per annum. In 2012, the group paid non-executive directors a total of \$143,349 (2011: (\$153,751).

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the fixed fees paid to directors are reviewed annually. The Board considers fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review process.

Executive remuneration

Objective

The group aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the group so as to:

- reward executives for group and individual performance against targets set by reference to appropriate benchmarks
- align the interests of executives with those of shareholders
- ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards.

Structure

A policy of the Board is the establishment of employment or consulting contracts with the CEO and other senior executives at the time of this report this included the CEO.

Remuneration consists of fixed remuneration under an employment or consultancy agreement and long term equity-based incentives that are subject to satisfaction of performance conditions. The equity-based incentives are intended to retain key executives and reward performance against agreed performance objectives.

Fixed remuneration

The level of fixed remuneration is set so as to provide a base level of remuneration that is both appropriate to the position and competitive in the market.

Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Board and the process consists of a review of group-wide and individual performance, relevant comparative remuneration in the market, and internal and (where appropriate) external advice on policies and practices.

Senior managers are given the opportunity to receive their fixed (primary) remuneration in a variety of forms including cash and expense payment plans, such that the manner of payment chosen is optimal for the recipient without creating additional cost for the group.

Remuneration policy and performance

Other than the CEO, Ms Halasz, none of the Director's remuneration is 'at risk' remuneration. Refer to the table below for further information on Ms Halasz's remuneration.

B. Details of remuneration (audited)

Details of the remuneration of the directors and key management personnel of the group (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) and the highest paid executives of Cellmid Limited are set out in the following tables.

2012

	Short-	term benefits P		-	Post employment Benefits			
Name	Cash salary and fees	Cash bonus	Non- monetary benefits	Superan- nuation	Retire- ment benefits	Options	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Non-executive directors								
David King (Chairman)	65,000	-	-	5,850	-	-	70,850	
Robin Beaumont	30,000	-	-	-	-	42,499	72,499	
Total non-executive directors	95,000	-	-	5,850	-	42,499	143,349	
Executive directors and ke	ey Management							
Maria Halasz	400,000	-	-	36,000	-	30,500	466,500	
Nicholas Falzon ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Executive directors and key Management	400,000	-	-	36,000	-	30,500	466,500	
Total	495,000	-	-	41,850	-	72,999	609,849	

¹ Nicholas Falzon, company secretary, appointed on 6 October 2010, is a partner of Lawler Partners Pty Ltd who provides accounting and company secretarial services to Cellmid Limited. The contract is based on normal commercial terms. A total of \$75,250 (2011 \$52,300) was received by Lawler Partners Pty Limited in relation to this contract for the year.

	Short	t-term benefits		Post employment Benefits		Share- based payment		
Name	Cash salary and fees	Cash bonus	Non- monetary benefits	Superan- nuation	Retire- ment benefits	Options	Total	
Non-executive directors								
David King (Chairman)	65,000	-	-	5,850	-	-	70,850	
Robin Beaumont	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000	
Koichiro Koike 1	52,901	-	-	-	-	-	52,901	
Total non-executive directors	147,001	-	-	5,850	-	-	153,751	
Executive directors and ke	ey Management							
Maria Halasz	358,333	-	-	32,250	-	-	390,583	
Nicholas Falzon ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Andrew Bursill ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Executive directors and key Management	358,333	-	-	32,250	-	-	390,583	
Total	505,334	-	-	38,100	-	-	544,334	

^{1.} Koichiro Koike resigned on December 2010. The remuneration as a director was paid up to the serviced period.

^{2.} Nicholas Falzon, company secretary, appointed on 6 October 2010, is a partner of Lawler Partners Pty Ltd who provides accounting and company secretarial services to Cellmid Limited. The contract is based on normal commercial terms. A total of \$52,300 (2010 \$nil) was received by Lawler Partners Pty Limited in relation to this contract for the year.

^{3.} Andrew Bursill, former company secretary, resigned on 5 October 2010. A total of \$22,428 (2010 \$65,549) in cash was received by Franks & Associates in relation to this contract for the year.

2011

The relative proportions of remuneration that are linked to performance and those that are fixed are as follows:

Name	Fixed remunera	tion	At risk STI	At	risk LTI	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Directors						
David King	100%	100%	-	-	-	-
Maria Halasz	96%	100%	-	-	4%	-
Robin Beaumont	41%	100%	-	-	59%	-
Other company and gro	oup executives		·			
Nicholas Falzon	100%	100%	-	-	-	-

100%

N/A

C. Service agreements (audited)

Andrew Bursill

The CEO, Maria Halasz, is an employee of the group under an agreement signed on 21 September 2007. Under the terms of the present contact:

- Ms Halasz may resign from her position and thus terminate this contract by giving six months' written notice. On resignation any unvested options will be forfeited.
- The group may terminate the employment agreement by providing six months' written notice or providing payment in lieu of the notice period (based on the fixed component of Ms Halasz's remuneration).
- The group may terminate the contract at any time without notice if serious misconduct has occurred. Where termination with cause occurs, the CEO is only entitled to that portion of remuneration which is fixed, and only up to the date of termination. On termination with cause, any unvested options will immediately be forfeited.
- Ms Halasz's employment agreement sets out certain performance incentives that are payable subject to achievement of performance milestones. The number of performance shares or options awarded is at the discretion of the Board and subject to shareholders' approval.

D. Share-based compensation

Options

2012

	Options Granted in 2012	Value of options at grant date	Options Vested In 2012	Value of options expensed in 2012	Proportion of Remuneration
				\$	%
Maria Halasz	5,000,000	20,500	5,000,000	20,500	4%
Robin Beaumont	3,971,962	42,499	3,971,962	42,499	59%
Total	8,971,962	62,999	8,971,962	62,999	11%

The issuance of options to Directors, Executives and Key Management Personnel was approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 25 November 2011.

These options were granted for no consideration. The options are convertible to one ordinary share each of the Company.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercised, each option will convert into one ordinary share of the Company.

The Executive options for Ms Halasz were granted at the date of approval being at the Annual General Meeting held on 25 November 2011.

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted is allocated over the period from grant date to vesting date. The amounts are included in the tables in Sections B and D above. Fair values at grant date are determined using a binomial option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date, the expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free rate for the term of the option.

The model inputs for options granted to Maria Halasz included:

- Options are granted for no consideration
- exercise price: \$0.032
- grant date: 20 June 2012
- expiry date: 15 June 2017
- share price at grant date: \$0.016
- share price volatility of the Company's shares: 38%
- expected dividend yield: nil%
- risk-free interest rate: 6%

The Executive options for Mr Beaumont were granted at the date of approval being at the Annual General Meeting held on 25 November 2011.

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted is allocated over the period from grant date to vesting date. The amounts are included in the tables in Section B and D above. Fair values at grant date are determined using a binomial option pricing model that take into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date, the expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free rate for the term of the option.

The model inputs for the options granted to Robin Beaumont included:

- options are granted for no consideration
- exercise price: \$0.03
- grant date: 15 November 2011
- expiry date: 15 November 2016
- share price at grant date: \$0.02
- expected price volatility of the Company's shares: 38%
- expected dividend yield: nil%
- risk-free interest rate: 6%

None of the director or executive options granted as share-based compensation were exercised during the period.

1,440,000 options have been granted under the terms of the Employee Incentive Plan on 14th August 2012 to various staff members since the end of the financial year.

Loan to directors and executives

There were no loans to directors or executives during or since the end of the year.

Shares under option

Unissued ordinary shares of Cellmid Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

	Expiry Date	Issue Price	Number under option
Unlisted options	15 June 2013	\$0.06	5,000,000
Unlisted options	01 June 2014	\$0.05	8,250,000
Unlisted options	01 July 2014	\$0.022	5,002,006
Unlisted options	17 November 2014	\$0.0283	7,000,000
Unlisted options	17 November 2014	\$0.0285	2,000,000
Unlisted options	19 February 2015	\$0.028	600,000
Unlisted options	15 December 2015	\$0.10	100,000
Unlisted options	15 November 2016	\$0.0107	3,971,962
Unlisted options	15 June 2017	\$0.041	5,000,000
Unlisted options	14 August 2017	\$0.034	1,440,000
Total			38,363,968

Shares issued on the exercise of options

No shares were issued over options during the income year ended 30 June 2012 (2011: 750,000). No amounts are unpaid on any of the shares for the 2012 income year (2011:\$nil). 6,599,995 options were lapsed during the income year ended 30 June 2012 (2011: nil)

2011

No options were granted to the directors for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Board and Audit Committee meeting

During the financial year, the group paid a premium to insure the directors and officers of the group.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for them or someone else or to cause detriment to the group. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

During or since the end of the financial year, the group has given an indemnity or entered into an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums as follows:

- a right to access certain Board papers of the group during the period of their tenure and for a period of seven years after that tenure ends
- subject to the Corporation Act, an indemnity in respect of liability to persons other the group and its related bodies corporate that they may incur while acting in their capacity as an officer of the group or a related body corporate, except where that liability involves a lack of good faith and for defending certain legal proceedings, and
- the requirement that the group maintain appropriate directors' and officers' insurance for the officer.

No liability has arisen under these indemnities as at the date of this report.

There is no indemnity cover over the Auditor during the financial year.

Proceedings on behalf of the group

During the reporting period the Group completed proceedings against the Japanese Patent Office in the High Court of Japan in relation to the challenge of the ruling on registration of one of its patents. The matter concluded in favour of the Japanese Patent Office. This had no material consequences for the Group as did not include a financial ruling.

Non-audit services

The group may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the group and/or the group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor, BDO (formerly PKF) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

	Consolidated group		
	2011	2010	
	\$	\$	
Auditing or reviewing the financial statement			
BDO (formerly PKF)	45,000	30,500	
taxation services	-	-	
due diligence services	-	-	
taxation services provided by related practice of auditor	-	-	
	45,000	30,500	

Rounding off of amounts

The Company is of the kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/0100, dated 10 July 1998, and in accordance with that Class Order amounts in the directors' report and the half-year financial report are rounded off to a dollar, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration under s 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 23 for the half-year report ended 30 June 2012.

This report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to s.306 (3) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Director

Deplationing

Sydney Dated this day of 30 August 2012



Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY BRUCE GORDON TO THE DIRECTORS OF CELLMID LIMITED

As lead auditor of Cellmid Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- 1) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect Cellmid Limited and the entity it controlled during the period.

Brue Grido .

Bruce Gordon Partner

BDO East Coast Partnership Sydney, 30 August 2012

BDO East Coast Partnership ABN 83 236 985 726 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO East Coast Partnership and BDO (Australia) Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tasmania.



Corporate Governance Statement

Unless disclosed below, all the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council (including 2010 amendments) have been applied for the entire financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Board Composition

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of each director who is in office at the date of the annual report and their term of office are detailed in the directors' report

The names of independent directors that have served on the Board of the group during the period are:

- o David King
- o Robin Beaumont (Resigned on 27 August 2012)
- o Graeme Kaufman (Appointed on 27 August 2012)

When determining whether a non-executive director is independent, the director must not fail any of the following materiality thresholds:

- less than 10% of group shares are held by the director and any entity or individual directly or indirectly associated with the director;
- no sales are made to or purchases made from any entity or individual directly or indirectly associated with the director; and
- none of the directors' income or the income of an individual or entity directly or indirectly associated with the director is derived from a contract with any member of the economic entity other than income derived as a director of the entity.

Independent directors have the right to seek independent professional advice in the furtherance of their duties as directors at the group's expense. Written approval must be obtained from the Chair prior to incurring any expense on behalf of the group.

The names of the members of the nomination committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee are detailed in the directors' report.

Ethical Standards

The Board acknowledges and emphasises the importance of all directors and employees maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance practice and ethical conduct.

A code of conduct has been established requiring directors and employees to:

- act honestly and in good faith;
- exercise due care and diligence in fulfilling the functions of office;
- avoid conflicts and make full disclosure of any possible conflict of interest;
- comply with the law;
- encourage the reporting and investigating of unlawful and unethical behaviour; and
- comply with the share trading policy outlined in the code of conduct.

Directors are obliged to be independent in judgment and ensure all reasonable steps are taken to ensure due care is taken by the Board in making sound decisions.

Corporate Governance Continued

Diversity Policy

Diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background. The group is committed to diversity and recognises the benefits arising from employee and board diversity and the importance of benefiting from all available talent.

The Board believes that the group benefits from this diversity.

Trading Policy

The group's policy regarding directors and employees trading in its securities, is set by the Board. The policy restricts directors and employees from acting on material information until it has been released to the market and adequate time has been given for this to be reflected in the security's prices.

Audit Committee

The names and qualifications of those appointed to the audit committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee are included in the directors' report.

Performance Evaluation

An annual performance evaluation of the Board has not been made during the year.

Board Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is first and foremost accountable to provide value to its shareholders through delivery of timely and balanced disclosures.

The Board sought external guidance to assist the drafting of its "Board Governance Document" which has been made publicly available on the group's website. This document details the adopted practices and processes in relation to matters reserved for the Board's consideration and decision-making and specifies the level of authorisation provided to other key management personnel. The Board is ultimately responsible for ensuring its actions are in accordance with key corporate governance principles.

Shareholder Rights

Shareholders are entitled to vote on significant matters impacting on the business, which include the election and remuneration of directors, changes to the constitution and receipt of annual and interim financial statements. Shareholders are strongly encouraged to attend and participate in the Annual General Meetings of Cellmid Limited, to lodge questions to be responded by the Board and/or the CEO, and are able to appoint proxies.

Risk Management

The Board considers identification and management of key risks associated with the business as vital to maximise shareholder wealth. A yearly assessment of the business's risk profile is undertaken and reviewed by the Board, covering all aspects of the business from the operational level through to strategic level risks. The CEO has been delegated the task of implementing internal controls to identify and manage risks for which the Board provides oversight. The effectiveness of these controls is monitored and reviewed regularly.

Remuneration Policies

The group's Remuneration Committee comprises of the following non-executive directors:

- o David King (Chair, independent);
- o Robin Beaumont (independent, resigned on 27 August 2012);

The remuneration policy, which sets the terms and conditions for the key management personnel, was developed by the Remuneration Committee after seeking professional advice from independent consultants and was approved by the Board. All executives receive a base salary, superannuation, fringe benefits, performance incentives and retirement benefits. The Remuneration Committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to company performance, executive performance, comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies and independent advice. The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed half yearly which is based on the forecast growth of the group's profits and shareholders' value. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre executives and reward them for performance which results in long-term growth in shareholder value.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

The amount of remuneration for all key management personnel for the group and the five highest paid executives, including all monetary and non-monetary components, are detailed in the directors' report under the heading key management personnel compensation. All remuneration paid to executives is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Shares given to executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the executive. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board expects that the remuneration structure implemented will result in the group being able to attract and retain the best executives to run the consolidated group. It will also provide executives with the necessary incentives to work to grow long-term shareholder value.

The payment of bonuses, options and other incentive payments are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee annually as part of the review of executive remuneration and a recommendation is put to the Board for approval. All bonuses, options and incentives must be linked to predetermined performance criteria. The Board can exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options and can recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria.

Remuneration Committee

The names of the members of the remuneration committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee are detailed in the directors' report.

There are no schemes for retirement benefits other than statutory superannuation for non-executive directors.



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Statements

Of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2012

		Consolidated Grou		
		2012	201	
	Note	\$		
Revenue	3	132,826	29,10	
Other revenue	3	38,447	122,94	
Cost of sales		(33,157)	(6,96	
Consultancy expense		(300,122)	(229,760	
Communication expense		(38,339)	(50,57	
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(11,419)	(10,25	
Directors remuneration		(108,350)	(154,20	
Employee benefits expense		(873,947)	(710,96	
Finance costs		(39,714)	(10,83)	
Gain/(Loss) on foreign exchange		49,237	(43,72)	
Reclassification of impairment loss on available for sale asset	20	(7,090)		
Decupancy		(95,864)	(87,78	
Professional fees		(164,721)	(76,36	
Research and development expense		(599,047)	(925,13	
Share-based compensation		(228,999)	(172,00	
Subscriptions		(88,018)	(70,34	
Fravel		(155,674)	(107,50	
Other expenses	_	(185,052)	(221,83)	
Loss before income tax	4	(2,709,003)	(2,726,19	
ncome tax benefit	5	736,520	456,55	
Loss for the year	_	(1,972,483)	(2,269,63	
Other comprehensive income:	_			
Net gain/(loss) on remeasurement of financial assets available for sale	20a _	-	6,22	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	(1,972,483)	(2,263,41	
Net loss attributable to				
Owners of Cellmid Limited		(1,970,360)	(2,269,63	
Non-controlling interests		(2,123)		
		(1,972,483)	(2,269,63	
Earnings per share for loss attributable to the ordinary equity nolders of the Company		Cents	Cen	
Basic earnings per share (cents)	8	(0.46)	(0.6	
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	8	(0.46)	(0.6	

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2012

	Note	Consolidated Grou	
		2012	201
100770		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,050,593	1,592,508
Trade and other receivables	10	71,168	27,603
Inventories	11	1,289,237	1,097,182
Other assets	15 _	30,638	31,255
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	2,441,636	2,748,548
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other financial assets	12	42,910	60,120
Plant and equipment	13	32,276	11,764
Intangible assets	14	1,440	1,440
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	76,626	73,324
TOTAL ASSETS	-	2,518,262	2,821,872
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	16	258,577	133,705
Borrowings	17	-	556,835
Provisions	18	135,448	93,364
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		394,025	783,904
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			,
Provisions	18	34,753	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	—	34,753	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	428,778	783,904
NET ASSETS	_	2,089,484	2,037,968
EQUITY	_	. ,	
Contributed equity	19	20,799,832	18,838,712
Reserves	20	1,746,085	1,670,351
Accumulated losses	20	(20,441,455)	(18,471,095)
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of Cellmid Limited	_	2,104,462	2,037,968
Non-controlling interest	—	(14,978)	
TOTAL EQUITY	-	2,089,484	2,037,968

This statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2012

Consolidated Group			Attributable	e to owne	ers of Cell	mid Limited	1		
			Sh	are Capi	tal				
	Note	Issued Capital	Share Based Payments Reserve	General Reserve	Available for Sale Reserve	Accumu- lated Losses	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2010		17,386,273	1,660,231	-	3,893	(16,201,458)	2,848,939	-	2,848,939
Loss for the year as reported in the 2011 financial statements		-	-	-	-	(2,269,637)	(2,269,637)	-	(2,269,637)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	6,227	-	6,227	-	6,227
Total comprehensive		-	-	-	6,227	(2,269,637)	(2,263,410)	-	(2,263,410)
income for the year									
Transactions with equity									
holders:									
Contributions of equity		1,280,439	-	-	-	-	1,280,439	-	1,280,439
Share based compensation		172,000	-	-	-	-	172,000	-	172,000
Total		1,452,439	-	-	6,227	(2,269,637)	(810,971)	-	(810,971)
Balance at 30 June 2011	19&20	18,838,712	1,660,231	-	10,120	(18,471,095)	2,037,968	-	2,037,968
Balance at 1 July 2011		18,838,712	1,660,231	-	10,120	(18,471,095)	2,037,968	-	2,037,968
Loss for the year as reported in the 2012 financial statements		-	-	-	-	(1,970,360)	(1,970,360)	(2,123)	(1,972,483)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive		-	-	-	-	(1,970,360)	(1,970,360)	(2,123)	(1,972,483)
income for the year									
Transactions with equity									
holders:									
Contributions of equity		1,805,120	-	(11,005)	-	-	1,794,115	21,005	1,815,120
Share based compensation		156,000		-	-	-	156,000	-	156,000
Movement in share based payment reserve		-	62,999	-	-	-	62,999	-	62,999
Movement in available for sale reserve		-	-	-	(10,120)	-	(10,120)	-	(10,120)
Net movement as a result of shares issued to minority interest		-	-	33,860	-	-	33,860	(33,860)	-
Total		1,961,120	62,999	22,855	(10,120)	(1,970,360)	66,494	(14,978)	51,516
Balance at 30 June 2012	19 & 20	20,799,832	1,723,230	22,855	-	(20,441,455)	2,104,462	(14,978)	2,089,484

This statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2012

		Consolidated Group		
		2012	2011	
	Note	\$	\$	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts		116,225	50,724	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,977,623)	(2,008,420)	
Research and development expenses		(599,047)	(925,137)	
Interest received		5,370	50,813	
Income tax benefit		736,520	456,559	
Other grant income		-	57,574	
Finance costs		(39,714)	(10,836)	
Net cash used in operating activities	21	(1,758,269)	(2,328,723)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of intangible assets		-	(1,440)	
Purchase of non-current assets		(31,931)	(7,788)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(31,931)	(9,228)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issue of shares		1,805,120	1,280,439	
Proceeds from borrowings		-	556,835	
Repayment of borrowings		(556,835)	-	
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,248,285	1,837,274	
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(541,915)	(500,677)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	9	1,592,508	2,093,185	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	9	1,050,593	1,592,508	

This statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Cellmid Limited and its Controlled Entity (the "consolidated group" or "group").

The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Cellmid Limited, have been presented in Note 2 within this financial report.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 30th August 2012 by the Directors of Cellmid Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Notes to the Financial Statements Continued

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

The financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of the group. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 30 August 2012.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, except for certain non-current assets and financial instruments that are measured at re-valued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 22.

Going Concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Based on anticipated levels of operational cash flow requirements, the Consolidated Entity has sufficient cash to fund current operations for more than one year.

a. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Cellmid Limited at the end of the reporting period. A controlled entity is any entity over which Cellmid Limited has the ability and right to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the entity's activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

b. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision makers, who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, is the Board of Directors.
c. Revenue and Other Income Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Royalties determined on a time basis are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the agreement.

Government grants are recognised in profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate, but not before the receipt of the grant is relatively certain.

d. Income Tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits available on demand with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

f. Receivable

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

g. Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of manufactured products includes direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate portion of variable and fixed overheads. Overheads are applied on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

h. Fixtures and Equipment

Fixtures and equipment are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the consolidated group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the consolidated group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Furniture and fittings	20%
Office equipment	6.7-33.33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

i. Investments and other financial assets

The group classified its investments in the following categories: loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the investment and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Loan and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the group that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale financial assets and are stated at fair value.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve.

Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit and loss.

The fair value of available-for-sale assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit and loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

j. Intangibles Other than Goodwill

Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at cost of acquisition. Patents and trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The group has not yet determined the useful life of the intangible asset due to the uncertainties of the future benefit derived from the intangible asset. There is no amortisation charge to the intangible assets in the 2012 Financial Year.

Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which is incurred.

Expenditure on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are capitalised as intangible assets when it is probable that the project will be a success considering its commercial and technical feasibility and its costs can be measured reliably. The expenditure capitalised comprises all directly attributable costs, including costs of materials, services, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

k. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information including dividends received from subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities deemed to be out of pre-acquisition profits. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a re-valued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a re-valued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

I. Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

n. Financial Instruments

The convertible notes issued by the group are treated as a financial liability, without an equity component. They are treated in this manner because; they have multiple settlement alternatives not all of which involve the exchange of equity, the number of shares to be issued is unknown at the time of issue and the conversion is at the option of the note holder not the group.

o. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

p. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within the income year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than 12 months of the reporting date have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wages increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements.

Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liability for wages and salaries, including non monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long service leave

Liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and period of service

Retirement benefit obligations

Contributions to the defined contribution fund are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payment is available. Contributions are paid into the fund nominated by the employee.

Share-based payments

The fair value of options granted is recognised as a benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the directors and executives become unconditionally entitled to the options.

The fair value at grant date is determined using binomial option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions, but excludes the impact of any non market vesting conditions. Non market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The benefit expense recognised each period takes into account the most recent estimate.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital and the proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, are credited to share capital.

q. Equity-settled compensation

The group operates an employee share ownership plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortised over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using the binominal pricing model. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital and the proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, are credited to share capital.

r. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in other comprehensive income to the extent that the underlying gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income; otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in profit or loss.

s. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

t. Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all grant conditions will be met. Grants relating to expense items are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant to the costs they are compensating. Grants relating to assets are credited to deferred income at fair value and are credited to income over the expected useful life of the asset on a straight-line basis.

u. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Where the group has retrospectively applied an accounting policy, made a retrospective restatement of items in the financial statements or reclassified items in its financial statements, an additional statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period will be disclosed.

v. Rounding of Amounts

The parent entity has applied the relief available to it under ASIC Class Order 98/100 and accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest \$1.

w. New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods and which the group has decided not to early adopt. A discussion of those future requirements as they apply to the group and their impact on the group is as follows:

AASB 9: Financial Instruments (December 2010) (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013).

This Standard is applicable retrospectively and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, as well as recognition and de-recognition requirements for financial instruments. The group has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements.

However, initial indications are that it may affect the group's accounting for its available-for-sale financial assets, since AASB 9 only permits the recognition of fair value gains and losses in other comprehensive income if they relate to equity investments that are not held for trading. Fair value gains and losses on available-for-sale debt investments, for example, will therefore have to be recognised directly in profit or loss. In the current reporting period, the group recognised \$7,090 of impairment loss in the statement of comprehensive income. The group has not yet decided when to adopt AASB 9.

- AASB 2010-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements

This Standard gives effect to Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements. AASB 1053 provides further information regarding the differential reporting framework and the two tiers of reporting requirements for preparing general purpose financial statements.

AASB 2010-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets [AASB 112]

The amendments provide a practical approach for measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets when investment property is measured using the fair value model in AASB 140 Investment Property. Under AASB 112, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets depends on whether an entity expects to recover an asset by using it or by selling it. However, it is often difficult and subjective to determine the expected manner of recovery when the investment property is measured using the fair value model in AASB 140.

To provide a practical approach in such cases, the amendments introduce a presumption that an investment property is recovered entirely through sale. This presumption is rebutted if the investment property is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Interpretation 121 Income Taxes – Recovery of Re-valued Non-Depreciable Assets addresses similar issues involving non-depreciable assets measured using the revaluation model in AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments incorporate Interpretation 121 into AASB 112 after excluding investment property measured at fair value from the scope of the guidance previously contained in Interpretation 121.

AASB 2011-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards to Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements [AASB 124]

This Standard makes amendments to Australian Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures. These amendments arise from a decision of the AASB to remove the individual key management personnel (KMP) disclosures from AASB 124 on the basis they:

- are not part of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), which include requirements to disclose aggregate (rather than individual) amounts of KMP compensation;
- are not included in New Zealand accounting standards and, accordingly, their removal is consistent with meeting the 2010 Outcome Proposal of the Australian and New Zealand governments that for-profit entities are able to use a single set of accounting standards and prepare only one set of financial statements;
- are considered by the AASB to be more in the nature of governance disclosures that are better dealt with as part of the Corporations Act 2001;
- were originally included in AASB 124 when fewer similar disclosure requirements were included in the Corporations Act and, in many respects, relate to similar disclosure requirements currently in that Act and therefore detract from the clarity of the requirements applying in this area; and
- could be considered (during the transition period for this Amending Standard) for inclusion in the Corporations
 Act or other legislation to the extent they presently go beyond the requirements in legislation and are considered
 appropriate in light of government policy.

NOTE 2: PARENT INFORMATION

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the		
parent and has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards.		
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		
ASSETS		
Current assets	2,719,856	2,912,584
TOTAL ASSETS	2,794,729	2,983,845
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	(380,914)	(776,202)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(415,667)	(776,202)
EQUITY		
ssued capital	20,799,832	18,838,712
Accumulated losses	(20,144,000)	(18,301,420)
Share Based Payment Reserve	1,723,230	1,660,231
Available for sale asset reserve	-	10,120
TOTAL EQUITY	2,379,062	2,207,643
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
_oss of the parent entity	(1,842,581)	(2,093,792)
Total comprehensive loss	(1,842,581)	(2,093,792)

NOTE 3: REVENUE AND OTHER REVENUE

	Consolidated	Group
	2011	2012
	\$	\$
Revenue from continuing operations		
Sales revenue:		
– sale of goods	132,826	29,106
	132,826	29,106
Other revenue:		
- interest received	5,370	50,813
 government grants received 	-	57,574
– rental revenue	24,000	12,000
- royalties	704	242
– other revenue	8,373	2,312
	38,447	122,941
Total revenue	171,273	152,047

NOTE 4: PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

	Consolidated Group	
	2011	2012
	\$	\$
Loss before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses:	(2,709,003)	(2,726,196)
Cost of sales	(33,157)	(6,961)
Finance cost	(39,714)	(10,836)
Employee benefits expense	(810,563)	(641,729)
Defined contribution superannuation expenses	(63,384)	(69,233)
Foreign currency translation gain/(losses)	49,237	(43,722)
Rental expense on operating leases:		
– minimum lease payments	(91,176)	(87,789)
Depreciation and amortisation		
– Plant and equipment	(11,419)	(10,256)
Research and development expense	(599,047)	(925,137)

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

		Note	Consolidate	d Group
			2012	2011
			\$	\$
a.	The components of tax expense comprise:			
	Income tax benefit	_	736,520	456,559
		-	736,520	456,559
b.	Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to			
	- Loss before income tax expense		(2,709,003)	(2,726,196)
	Prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2010: 30%)		(812,701)	(817,859
	Add:			
	Tax effect of:			
	 Research and development expenditure 		523,910	401,259
	- Share based payment		68,700	51,600
	 Deduction on un-deducted R&D core technology expenditure 		(190,438)	
	- Impairment loss on asset revaluation		2,127	
	– Sundry items		13,313	10,184
			417,612	463,043
	Adjusted income tax		(395,089)	(354,816)
	Tax losses not brought to account	-	395,089	354,816
	Research and development tax benefit	-	736,520	456,559
	Income tax benefit	-	736,520	456,559

A \$736,520 (2011 \$456,559) research and development tax offset was received for a claim in accordance with the Commonwealth Government's Research and Development Tax Concession initiatives where the consolidated group's expenditure on research and development is below \$1million and revenue is less than \$5 million.

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

		Note	Consolidated Group	
			2012	2011
			\$	\$
c.	Tax losses			
	Carried forward unused tax losses		10,536,355	9,343,378
	Current unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised		1,316,962	1,192,977
	Total	-	11,853,317	10,536,355
	Potential future tax benefit at notional tax rate 30%		3,555,995	3,160,907

All unused tax losses were incurred by Australian entities.

This income tax benefit arose from losses will only be obtained if:

i. The group derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable to benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised;

ii. The group continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation; and

iii. No changes in tax legislation adversely affect the consolidated entity in realising the benefit from the deductions for the losses.

d. Tax consolidation legislation

As Advangen International Pty Ltd ceased to be a wholly owned subsidiary of Cellmid Limited during the year, it ceased to be part of the tax consolidated group from that date.

NOTE 6: INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

a. Directors

The following persons were directors of Cellmid Limited during the financial year:

David King (Chairman) - appointed from 18 January 2008 to current

Ms Maria Halasz (Chief Executive Officer) - appointed from 16 April 2007 to current

Mr Robin Beaumont (Non executive) - appointed from 12 October 2009 to 27 August 2012

b. Directors and key management personnel compensation

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the group's key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2012.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the company and the group during the year are as follows:

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	495,000	506,234
Post-employment benefits	41,850	38,100
Share-based payments	72,999	-
	609,849	544,334

c. Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

Details of options provided as remuneration, together with terms and conditions of the options, can be found in Note 19.

NOTE 6: INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

(i) KMP Options Holdings

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Cellmid Limited and other key management personnel of the group, including their personally related parties, are set out as table below.

30 June 2012	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Granted as remuneration during the Year	Exercised during the Year	Other Changes during the Year	Balance at end of Year	Vested and Exercisable at the end of the Year
Directors of Cellmid Limited	1					
M Halasz	12,000,000	5,000,000	-	-	-	17,000,000
D King	-	-	-	-	-	-
R Beaumont	-	3,971,962	-	-	-	3,971,962
Other key management per	rsonnel					
N Falzon	-	-	-	-	-	-

30 June 2011	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Granted as remuneration during the Year	Exercised during the Year	Other Changes during the Year	Balance at end of Year	Vested and Exercisable at the end of the Year
Directors of Cellmid Limited						
M Halasz	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	12,000,000
D King	-	-	-	-	-	-
K Koike **	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
R Beaumont	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other key management pers	onnel					
N Falzon	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Mr. Ko Koike resigned from the board in December 2010 and has remained as a consultant since then.

NOTE 6: INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

(ii) KMP Shareholdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and key management personnel of Cellmid Limited, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as compensation.

30 June 2012	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Received during the Year on the exercise of options	Other Changes during the Year	Balance at the end of the Year
Directors of Cellmid Limited				
M Halasz	1,365,000		1,360,250	2,725,250
D King	13,476,669		9,023,331	22,500,000
R Beaumont	700,000		1,175,000	1,875,000
Other key management personnel				
N Falzon	-			

Maria Halasz owns 2,725,250 shares indirectly. David King owns 22,500,000 shares indirectly. Robin Beaumont owns 1,875,000 shares indirectly.

30 June 2011	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Received during the Year on the exercise of options	Other Changes during the Year	Balance at the end of the Year
Directors of Cellmid Limited				
M Halasz	1,046,250	-	318,750	1,365,000
D King	10,010,000	-	3,466,669	13,476,669
K Koike **	-	-	-	-
R Beaumont	400,000	-	300,000	700,000
Other key management personnel				
N Falzon	-	-	-	-

Maria Halasz owns 1,365,000 shares indirectly.

David King owns 13,476,669 shares indirectly.

Robin Beaumont owns 700,000 shares indirectly.

**Mr. Ko Koike resigned from the board in December 2010 and has remained as a consultant since then.

(iii) Other KMP Transactions

There have been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described in the tables above. The Chief Executive Officer is employed under an employment service contract.

NOTE 7: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and a non-related audit firm:

		Consolidated Group	
		2012	2011
		\$	\$
_	auditing or reviewing the financial statement		
	BDO	45,000	30,500
-	taxation services provided by related practice of auditor	-	-
NO [.]	TE 8: EARNINGS PER SHARE		
		Cons	olidated Group
		2012	2011
		\$	\$
a.	Basic and diluted earnings per share:		
	Earnings used in the calculation of dilutive EPS	(0.46)	(0.65)
b.	Loss used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share:		
	Loss	(1,972,483)	(2,269,637)
	Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
с.			
C.		No.	No.

d. Information concerning the classification of securities.

Options

Options granted to executives and directors are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive. In the year ended 30 June 2012, these options were in fact anti-dilutive, and consequently diluted EPS is the same as basic EPS. The options have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to the options are set out in Note19.

NOTE 9: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Consolidate	d Group
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	1,050,593	1,592,508
	1,050,593	1,592,508
Reconciliation of cash		
Reconciliation of cash Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow	vs is reconciled to items in the	e statement of
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows:		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow	1,050,593	1,592,508
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows:		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows: Cash and cash equivalents	1,050,593 1,050,593	1,592,508 1,592,508
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows: Cash and cash equivalents	1,050,593	1,592,508 1,592,508
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows: Cash and cash equivalents	1,050,593 1,050,593 Consolidated	1,592,508 1,592,508
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows: Cash and cash equivalents NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	1,050,593 1,050,593 Consolidated 2012 \$	1,592,508 1,592,508 d Group 2011 \$
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow financial position as follows:	1,050,593 1,050,593 Consolidated 2012	1,592,508 1,592,508 d Group 2011

Effective interest rates and credit risk

The group has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties other than those receivables specifically provided for and mentioned within Note 10. The class of assets described as "trade and other receivables" is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the group.

There is no interest rate risk for the balances of Trade and other receivables.

There is no material credit risk associated with other receivables.

No receivables are past due or impaired.

NOTE 11: INVENTORIES

	Consolidated Group		
	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
Inventory at lower of cost and net realisable value	1,289,237	1,097,182	
Total inventories	1,289,237	1,097,182	
NOTE 12: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	Concelleter	d Crows	
	Consolidated	-	
	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
Available-for-sale financial assets			
Available-for-sale financial assets Total non-current financial assets	\$ 42,910 42,910	\$ 60,120 60,120	
Total non-current financial assets	42,910	60,120	
Total non-current financial assets Available-for-sale financial assets	42,910	60,120	
	42,910	60,120	

NOTE 13: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated Group	
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment:		
At cost	129,759	97,828
Accumulated depreciation	(97,483)	(86,064)
Total plant and equipment	32,276	11,764

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$
Consolidated Group		
Balance at 1 July 2010	14,232	14,232
Additions	7,788	7,788
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(10,256)	(10,256)
Balance at 30 June 2011	11,764	11,764
Additions	31,931	31,931
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(11,419)	(11,419)
Balance at 30 June 2012	32,276	32,276

NOTE 14: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trademarks & Licences
	\$
Consolidated Group:	
Balance at the beginning/end of 30 June 2010	1,440
Closing value at 30 June 2012	1,440

Intangible assets, other than goodwill, have finite useful lives. The group has not yet determined the useful life of the intangible asset.

There is no amortisation charge to the intangible assets in the 2012 financial year.

NOTE 15: OTHER ASSETS

	Consolidated (Consolidated Group	
	2012	2011 \$	
	\$		
Prepayments	30,638	31,255	
Total other assets	30,638	31,255	

NOTE 16: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated Group	
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Unsecured liabilities:		
Trade payables	112,702	1,471
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	145,875	132,234
Total trade and other payables	258,577	133,705

NOTE 17: BORROWINGS

	Consolidated	Consolidated Group	
	2012	2011 \$	
	\$		
Convertible notes	-	556,835	
	<u> </u>	556,835	

Convertible notes

Each loan has a repayment term of 5 years. The conversion price is the lesser of the price calculated as a 20% discount to the three lowest daily volume weighted average sales prices of the Company's shares during the 21 days before conversion or AU\$0.09 (for notes issued in the first 12 months) and AU\$0.15 (for notes issued afterwards).

Conversion will generally be at the note holders' option except in the event that on the conversion date the Company's shares trade below a floor price of AU\$0.025. In this instance Cellmid may elect to repay the face value of the Note plus a 5% premium.

Interest expenses on convertible note is calculated by applying the effective interest rate of 4.75% (2011 4.75%) to the liability component. The loans were fully repaid during the 2012 income year.

NOTE 18: PROVISIONS

	Employee	Benefits
	Annual Leave	Long Service Leave
	\$	\$
Consolidated Group		
Opening balance at 1 July 2011	93,364	-
Additional provisions	42,084	34,753
Balance at 30 June 2012	135,448	34,753

Analysis of total provisions

	Consolidated Group	
	2012	2011 \$
	\$	
Current	135,448	93,364
Non-current	34,753	-
	170,201	93,364

Provision for Employee Benefits

A provision has been recognised for employee entitlements relating to annual leave and long service leave.

NOTE 19: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

			Consolidated Group				
		Note	2012	2011	2012	2011	
			No.	No.	\$	\$	
a.	Share Capital						
	At the beginning of the year		392,634,129	325,781,294	18,780,723	17,328,284	
	Shares issued during the year		128,208,988	66,852,835	1,961,121	1,452,439	
	At the end of the year	19.c	520,843,117	392,634,129	20,741,843	18,780,723	
b.	Options						
	Balance at the beginning of the year		34,552,001	35,202,001	57,989	57,989	
	Listed		-	-	-		
	Other		(6,599,995)	(650,000)	-		
	Directors		3,971,962	-	-		
	Executives		5,000,000	-	-	-	
	At the end of the year	19.d	36,923,968	34,552,001	57,989	57,989	
	Total contributed equity				20,799,832	18,838,712	

NOTE 19: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONTINUED)

c. Movement in ordinary share capital

		Co	nsolidated Group	
		Number of shares	Issued price	\$
Date	Details			
	Opening balance 1 July 2010	325,781,294		17,328,284
05 Jul 2010	Share issue	800,000	0.020	16,000
15 Nov 2010	Share issue	3,466,669	0.025	86,667
16 Nov 2010	Exercise of converting note options	12,756,526	0.015	197,726
15 Dec 2010	Exercise of options	750,000	0.030	22,500
10 Jan 2011	Exercise of converting note options	8,130,081	0.025	200,000
01 Feb 2011	Exercise of converting note options	8,130,081	0.024	198,546
01 Apr 2011	Exercise of converting note options	5,000,000	0.020	100,000
13 Apr 2011	Share issue	4,000,000	0.039	156,000
14 Apr 2011	Exercise of converting note options	14,473,684	0.019	275,000
09 Jun 2011	Exercise of converting note options	9,345,794	0.021	200,000
	Closing balance 30 June 2011	392,634,129		18,780,723
	Opening balance 1 July 2011	392,634,129		18,780,723
04 Oct 2011	Share issue	4,000,000	0.039	156,000
02 Dec 2011	Share issue	23,560,944	0.017	400,708
13 Dec 2011	Share issue	4,411,765	0.016	71,250
13 Jan 2012	Exercise of converting note options	1,666,667	0.012	20,000
24 Jan 2012	Share issue	22,500	-	-
17 Feb 2012	Exercise of converting note options	1,442,309	0.0104	15,000
20 Feb 2012	Exercise of converting note options	2,083,333	0.0096	20,000
27 Feb 2012	Exercise of converting note options	3,191,489	0.0094	30,000
02 Mar 2012	Exercise of converting note options	3,191,489	0.0094	30,000
16 Mar 2012	Exercise of converting note options	1,595,745	0.0094	15,000
28 Mar 2012	Exercise of converting note options	2,105,263	0.0095	20,000
04 Apr 2012	Exercise of converting note options	2,777,778	0.009	25,000
12 Apr 2012	Exercise of converting note options	3,333,333	0.009	30,000
20 Apr 2012	Exercise of converting note options	14,196,360	0.009	127,767
04 May 2012	Share issue	12,283,641	0.0165	202,680
07 May 2012	Share issue	5,175,428	0.0165	85,395
30 May 2012	Share issue	31,689,481	0.0165	522,876
12 Jun 2012	Share issue	11,481,463	0.0165	189,444
	Closing balance 30 June 2012	520,843,117		20,741,843

NOTE 19: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Ordinary shares

No limit has been set on the total number of ordinary shares that the Company may issue. The ordinary shares do not carry par value.

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hand every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote

d. Movement in options

		Consolidated Group	
		Number of	\$
		options	
Date	Details		
	Opening balance 1 July 2010	35,202,001	57,989
15 Nov 2010	Options issued	100,000	_
15 Dec 2010	Options exercised	(750,000)	-
	Closing balance 30 June 2011	34,552,001	57,989
	Opening balance 1 July 2011	34,552,001	57,989
08 Jan 2012	Options lapsed	(549,995)	-
07 Mar 2012	Options issued	3,971,962	-
08 May 2012	Options lapsed	(6,050,000)	-
12 Jun 2012	Options issued	5,000,000	-
	Closing balance 30 June 2012	36,923,968	57,989

On 07 March 2012, 3,971,962 share options were granted to Mr. Robin Beaumont in lieu of cash payment for directors' fees and subject to shareholders' approval. The options are exercisable on or before 15 November 2016 with an exercise price at \$0.03 each. The options hold no voting or dividends rights and are not transferable.

On 12 June 2012, 5,000,000 share options were granted to Ms Maria Halasz pursuant to her employment agreement and subject to shareholders' approval to take up ordinary shares at an excise price of \$0.032 each. The options are exercisable on or before 15 June 2017. The options hold no voting or dividends rights and are not transferable.

These options vested immediately on grant date. Further details of these options are provided in the Directors' Report. The options hold no voting or dividend rights and are not listed. During the financial year, no other options vested with key management personnel (2011: Nil).

NOTE 20: RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES

a. Reserves

Consolidated Group		
2012	201	
\$:	
1,660,231	1,660,23	
62,999		
1,723,230	1,660,23	
10,120	3,89	
(17,210)	6,22	
(7,090)	10,12	
7,090		
-	10,12	
1,670,351	1,664,124	
52,879	6,22	
1,723,230	1,670,35	
1,720,200	.,,	
	.,,	
Consolidate	ed Group	
Consolidate 2012	ed Group 201	
Consolidate 2012 \$	ed Group 201	
Consolidate 2012		
	\$ 1,660,231 62,999 1,723,230 10,120 (17,210) (7,090) 7,090 - 1,670,351	

NOTE 21: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consolidated Group		
	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
a. Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit after Income Tax			
(loss) for the year	(1,972,483)	(2,269,637)	
Non-cash flows in profit:			
- Depreciation and amortisation	11,419	10,256	
- Share base payment	228,999	172,000	
- Impairment loss on non-current investment	7,090	-	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:			
- (increase)/decrease in trade and term receivables	(43,565)	7,064	
- (decrease)/increase in prepayments	617	(8,981)	
- (increase)/decrease in inventories	(192,055)	(97,182)	
- increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals	124,873	(179,055)	
- increase/(decrease) in provisions	76,836	36,812	
Cash flow from operations	(1,758,269)	(2,328,723)	

NOTE 22: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

a. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

i. Estimated impairment of intellectual property

The group tests annually whether intellectual property has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 1. The recoverable amounts of the intellectual property have been determined based on reviewing the status of the research and development program, progress on its patent applications and projected cash flow calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions.

NOTE 23: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2012 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- The group's operation in future financial years
- The results of those operation in future financial years or
- The group's state of affairs in future financial years.
- The group completed a capital raising by the issuing of 24,242,424 shares for a consideration of \$400,000 on 27 July 2012.

NOTE 24: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Parties

a. The group's main related parties are as follows:

Parent entities:

Cellmid Limited is the ultimate parent entity within the wholly-owned group.

Subsidiaries:

For details of disclosures relating to subsidiaries, refer to Note 26: Controlled Entity.

Key management personnel:

For details of disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 6: Interests of Key Management Personnel (KMP).

b. Transactions with related parties:

Key management personnel:

Other than the transactions outlined in Note 6, the subsidiary (Advangen) issued 278,049 ordinary shares to Ms Maria Halasz as remuneration on 12 March 2012 under the terms of her employment agreement.

The shares issued to Maria Halasz represent 5% of the total issued capital of Advangen International Pty Ltd as at 30 June 2012.

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Subsidiaries:
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The transactions with the subsidiary have been eliminated on consolidation of the group.

NOTE 25: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The group's activities expose it to a number of financial risks as described below. The group's overall risk management program seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the group. To date, the group has not had the need to utilise derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts or interest rate swaps to manage any risk exposures identified.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	Consolidated	d Group
		2012	2011
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,050,593	1,592,508
Loans and receivables	10	71,168	27,603
Available-for-sale financial assets:	12	42,910	60,120
Total financial assets		1,164,671	1,680,231
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
- trade and other payables	16	258,577	133,705
- borrowings	17	-	556,835
Total financial liabilities		258,577	690,540

a. Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. The group has no significant concentration of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of any provisions) as presented in the table above.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of high credit quality.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the FRMC in accordance with approved board policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a Standard & Poor's rating of at least AA-.

b. Liquidity risk

The group manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions

The group is not exposed to any material liquidity risk.

b. Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyse the group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for:

(a) all non-derivative financial liabilities

(b) net and gross settled derivative financial instruments for which the contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flow	Carrying amount liabilities
As 30 June 2012	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-derivative							
Trade payable	258,577	-	-	-	-	-	258,577
Total	258,577	-	-	-	-	-	258,577
Derivative							
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flow	Carrying amount liabilities
As 30 June 2011	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-derivative							
Trade payable	133,705	-	-	-	-		133,705
Total	133,705	-	-	-	-	· _	133,705
Derivative							
Borrowings		556,835	-	-	-		556,835
Total	-	556,835	-	-	_		556,835

c. Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

Exposure to foreign exchange risk may result in the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuating due to movement in foreign exchange rates of currencies in which the group holds financial instruments which are other than the AUD functional currency of the group.

The group has no significant concentration of foreign exchange risk. The maximum exposure to foreign exchange risk is the fluctuation in the US dollar on its USD denominated bank account.

Price risk

The group is not exposed to any material price risk.

NOTE 26: SUBSIDIARY AND TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

a. Significant investments in subsidiary

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%	
		2012	2011
Subsidiaries of Cellmid Limited			
Advangen International Pty Limited	Australia	95	100

b. Transactions with non-controlling interest

On 12 March 2012, 278,049 ordinary shares were issued to Ms Maria Halasz as remuneration pursuant to her employment agreement. The fair value of this issue was \$10,000. The value represents 5% of the total of \$200,000 valuation of Advangen International Pty Ltd on the date of issue.

As a result of this issue, the group recognised a non-controlling interest of \$10,000 in the equity of the owner of Advangen International Pty Ltd.

NOTE 27: SEGMENT INFORMATON

Identification of reporting segments

The consolidated entity is organised into two operating segments: (1) research and development of diagnostics and therapeutics and (2) research, development and marketing of hair growth products. These operating segments are based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers (CODM)) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

The CODM reviews both adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (segment result) and profit before income tax.

Types of products and services

The principal products and services of each of these operating segments are as follows:R&DDiagnostics and therapeutics for cancer and inflammatory conditionsR&D and marketingHair growth products

Geographic segment information

The primary geographic segment within which the consolidated group operates is Australia as at 30 June 2012. For primary reporting purposes, the group operates in one geographic segment as described as at 30 June 2012. Operating segment information

30 June 2012	Biotechnology	Retailing	Consolidated
	\$	\$	\$
	Australia	Australia	
Revenue			
Sales revenue	12,590	-	12,590
Sales of products	-	115,704	115,704
Total sales revenue	12,590	115,704	128,294
Interest revenue	5,370	-	5,370
Royalties	704	-	704
Subleasing income	24,000	-	24,000
Other income	11,077	1,828	12,905
Total Revenue	53,741	117,532	171,273
Segment result	(2,412,460)	(236,921)	(2,649,381)
Share-based compensation	(218,999)	-	(218,999)
Gain on foreign exchange	49,237	-	49,237
Depreciation	(11,110)	(309)	(11,419)
Finance costs	(39,509)	(205)	(39,714)
Loss before income tax expenses	(2,579,100)	(119,903)	(2,699,003)
Income tax benefit			736,520
Loss after income tax benefit			(1,962,483)

NOTE 27: OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

30 June 2012	Biotechnology	Retailing	Consolidated
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Segment assets	2,135,203	340,149	2,475,352
Unallocated assets:			
Other financial assets			42,910
Total assets			2,518,262
Liabilities			
Segment liabilities	(415,667)	(13,111)	(428,778)
Total liabilities			(428,778)

NOTE 28: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. Contingent liabilities

The parent entity and group had no contingent liabilities at 30 June 2012 or at 30 June 2011.

b. Contingent assets

The parent entity and group had no contingent assets at 30 June 2012 or at 30 June 2012.

NOTE 29: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is:

Level 6, 40 King Street Sydney NSW 2000

The principal places of business are:

Cellmid Limited Level 6 40 King Street Sydney NSW 2000

Advangen International Pty Limited Level 6 40 King Street Sydney NSW 2000

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the group declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 29 to 65, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the company and group;
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each declared that:
 - a. the financial records of the group for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with s 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
 - b. the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with Accounting Standards; and
 - c. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view; and
- 3. in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to Section 295 (5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Whing

Dr David King Director

Dated this 30th day of August 2012



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Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Cellmid Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Cellmid Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entity it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

BDD East Coast Partnership ABN 83 236 985 726 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO East Coast Partnership and BDO (Australia) Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tasmania.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Cellmid Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Cellmid Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 6 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Cellmid Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO East Coast Partnership

nda

Bruce Gordon Partner Sydney 30 August 2012

Additional Information

20 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 1 SEPTEMBER 2012

Holder Name	Balance	Percent
Cell Signals Inc	28,500,000	5.229
Seistend Pty Ltd < DW King Super Fund A/C>	22,500,000	4.128
Hera Investments Pty Ltd	21,212,121	3.892
Mr Gregory Glenn Worth	19,243,030	3.530
Mr James Patrick Tuite & Mrs Wendy Tuite <tuite 1="" a="" c="" super=""></tuite>	17,396,462	3.192
Mr Gregory Bernard Hilton	10,272,000	1.884
Lee Geok Thye (Holdings) SDN BHD	9,000,000	1.651
Vista Partners LLC	8,000,000	1.468
Mr Trevor Gottlieb	5,923,000	1.087
Mr Paul Ruggiero & Mrs Lorissa Ruggiero <l &="" a="" c="" f="" p="" ruggiero="" s=""></l>	5,350,000	0.981
Mr Paul Ruggiero & Mrs Lorissa Ruggiero	5,250,000	0.963
Mr Paul Philip Ranby	5,157,625	0.946
Talrind Pty Ltd <worth a="" c="" d="" t=""></worth>	5,100,000	0.936
Lims Design Services Pty Ltd <lims a="" c="" drafting="" f="" s=""></lims>	5,000,000	0.917
Rexi Marketing Pty Ltd	5,000,000	0.917
Mr Vincent Patrick Sweeney < Macguire Family Super A/C>	5,000,000	0.917
Mr Christopher Walker	5,000,000	0.917
Ms Christine Anne Smith	4,897,588	0.898
Cancun Trading Pty Ltd	4,641,708	0.852
Mr Harold Leonard Gottlieb <h&h a="" c="" fund="" gottlieb="" super=""></h&h>	4,000,000	0.734
Labirinto Pty Ltd	4,000,000	0.734

Total	200,443,534	36.773
Issued Capital	545,085,540	

Distribution of shareholders

Holdings Ranges	Holders	Total Units	%
1-1,000	35	6,146	0.001
1,001-5,000	39	121,330	0.022
5,001-10,000	148	1,369,323	0.251
10,001-100,000	800	39,751,994	7.293
100,001-99,999,999,999	598	503,836,747	92.433
Totals	1,620	545,085,540	100.000

The number of security investors holding less than a marketable parcel of securities is nil.

Corporate Directory

Office	Level 6, 40 King Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
	Tel: +61 2 9299 0311 Fax: +61 2 9299 2198
	Email: info@cellmid.com.au www.cellmid.com.au
Non-Executive Chairman	David King
Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director	Maria Halasz
Non-Executive Director	Robin Beaumont (Resigned 27th August 2012) Graeme Kaufman (Appointed 27th August 2012)
Company Secretary	Nicholas Falzon Andrew Bald
Auditors	BDO Chartered Accountants Level 10, 1 Margaret Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
Solicitors	Piper Alderman Governor Macquarie Tower 1 Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
Patent Attorney	FB Rice & Co Level 23, 44 Market Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
Share Registry	Boardroom Limited Level 2, 28 Margaret Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia





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