Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Traine or only						
Cellmi	Cellmid Limited					
ABN/ARBN Financial year ended:						
69 11	1 304 119		30 June 2021			
Our co	rporate governance statem	ent ¹ for the period above can be fo	und at:2			
	These pages of our annual report:					
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/				
	orporate Governance State pproved by the board.	ment is accurate and up to date as	at 20 September 2021 and has			
The an	nexure includes a key to w	here our corporate governance dis	closures can be located.3			
Date: 20 September 2021						
Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:		Maria Halasz				

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

Name of entity

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT		
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: [insert location] and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) in: the Corporate Governance Statement. and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in: the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: the Corporate Governance Statement	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in: the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in: the Corporate Governance Statement	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/nomination-and-remuneration-committee-charter/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10 - 18 of the Annual Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix in: the Annual Report	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in: the Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in: the Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director in: the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

·		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/environmental-social-and-governance-statement/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: [insert location]	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10 - 18 of the Annual Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCIP	PLE 5 - MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in: the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10 - 18 of the Annual Report Iff the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in: the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in: the Corporate Governance Statement	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in: the Annual Report and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks in: the Annual Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://cellmid.com.au/corporate-governance/nomination-and-remuneration-committee-charter/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10 – 18 of the Annual Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in: the Remuneration Report in the Annual Report	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at:	 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	reco	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
ADDITIO	NAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	SES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
ADDITIO	NAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED	D LISTED ENTITIES			
	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at:		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
		[insert location]	

The Corporate Governance Statement sets out the extent to which the Company has followed the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. This corporate governance statement is current as of 20 September 2021 and has been approved by the Board of the Company.

Principles and Recommendations

Compliance Comment

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

- **1.1** A listed entity should have and disclose a Complies Board Charter setting out:
 - the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
 - those matters expressly reserved to the delegated board and those management.

The Company has established a Board Charter, which discloses the specific responsibilities of the Board and those of senior executives.

The Board delegates responsibility for the day-to-day operations and administration of the Company to the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company's Board Charter is posted on the Company's website.

- **1.2** A listed entity should:
 - (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive, or putting someone forward for election, as a director; and
 - (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.
- The Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Complies are responsible for ensuring that appropriate

checks are undertaken before a director or senior executive is appointed or before putting someone forward to security holders for election.

All material information in the Company's possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director is provided to security holders in the notice of the meeting at which the director is to be put forward for election or re-election.

1.3 A listed entity should have a written Complies agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

All directors and senior executives have in place written agreements with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment.

1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

Complies

The Company Secretary reports directly to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The decision to appoint or remove the Company Secretary is made by the Board.

1.5 A listed entity should:

Does Not Comply

The Board believes that the Company benefits from diversity.

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - (3) either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.
- (d) If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period

Due to the size of the Company and small number of persons employed by the Company and its controlled entities, the Board has not established a formal diversity policy.

As the Company does not have a formal diversity policy it has not set formal measurable objectives for achieving diversity

The Company is able to disclose the following gender diversity statistics for the Company and its controlled entities as at the date of the Annual Report:

- (i) 65% of the Company's employees and consultants are female; and
- (ii) 40% of the Board is female.

The Company is not a 'relevant employer' under the Workplace Gender Equality Act.

1.6 A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that

Complies

The Company has a Performance Evaluation Process which is posted to the Company's website.

The performance evaluation in respect of the period has not yet been undertaken.

period.

1.7 A listed entity should:

(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once

every reporting period; and

(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Complies

The Company has a Performance Evaluation Process which is posted to the Company's website.

Performance evaluation has been undertaken as disclosed in the terms of contracts of key employees. In addition, regular performance evaluation is carried out of all employees, including key employees.

PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

- **2.1** The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

Partially Complies

The Board has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is as follows:

- Mr Bruce Gordon Independent Non Executive Director; and
- Dr Martin Cross Independent Non Executive Director;

Mr Bruce Gordon is Chair of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee currently consists of only two members due to the size of the overall Board of Directors. The Company considers that this size is appropriate at present but will consider increasing the membership to three members if any new directors are added to the Board.

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those

The Board has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter, which can be located on the Company's website.

Members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report and above.

The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meet on an ad hoc basis as needed during the year, the attendance of the members at meetings of the Committee are disclosed in the Directors' Report of the

meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. Annual Report.

N/A

2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Complies

The skills of each Board member are disclosed on the Company's website and in the Company's Annual Report for each year.

The Board Charter and Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter states the mix of skills and diversity the Board of directors is looking to achieve.

2.3 A listed entity should disclose:

Complies

(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;

These details are disclosed in the Annual Report. The Board is comprised of three independent, non – executive directors (Mr Bruce Gordon, Mr Dennis Eck, and Dr Martin Cross) and one executive director (Ms Maria Halasz). In addition, Mr Dennis Eck has an alternat director, Ms Sarah Eck-Thompson.

In terms of managing conflicts, those Directors who have interests in specific transactions or potential transactions do not participate in any part of a Directors' meeting which considers those transactions or potential transactions, are not involved in the decision-making process in respect of those transactions or potential transactions, and are asked not to discuss those transactions or potential transactions with other Directors.

The Board notes that Mr Dennis Eck is a substantial security holder of the Company however the Board has determined that given Mr Eck's role as a Non-Executive Director and other considerations this holding in the Company is not sufficient to compromise the independence of Mr Eck.

(b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and

(c) the length of service of each director.

Ms Maria Halasz - 14 years' service

Mr Bruce Gordon - 6 years' service

Dr Martin Cross - 4 years' service

Mr Dennis Eck – 3 years' service

Ms Sarah Eck-Thompson – 1 year' service

2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

Complies

A majority of the board is independent.

2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Complies

The Company's Chairman, Mr Bruce Gordon is an independent director. The Company's CEO is Ms Maria Halasz.

2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Complies

The company has a formal program for inducting a new director and the company secretary ensures that all directors are informed of changes in governance obligations. The current Board has the appropriate mix of skills and knowledge required to fulfil their responsibilities.

The company also encourages attendances at professional development courses such as those held by AICD.

PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose Complies its values

The Company's social, environment and governance values and principles are published on its website. In addition, the Company has a Corporate Code of Conduct, which is available on the Company website, outlining the high standard of corporate and individual behavior which is expected from all Directors and employees.

3.2 A listed entity should:

Complies

(a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and

The Board acknowledges and emphasizes the importance of all directors and employees maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance practice and ethical conduct.

A code of conduct and a corporate code of conduct has been established requiring directors and employees to, amongst other things:

- i) act honestly;
- ii) exercise due care and diligence in fulfilling

the functions of office:

iii) not use their position or information for personal gain;

iii) avoid conflicts and make full disclosure of any possible conflict of interest; and

iv) comply with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

The Code of Conduct is posted on the Company's website.

(b) ensure that the board or a committee of Complies the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

The CEO provides regular updates to the board including any breach of the code of conduct

3.3 A listed entity should:

policy; and

(a)

(a)

The Company has a formal whistleblower Complies policy which is disclosed on the Company's website.

(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

have and disclose a whistleblower

The Whistleblower Policy provides that all material incidents reported under the policy are reported to the Board via the Chairman.

3.4 A listed entity should:

Does comply The Company does not currently have an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy in place.

(b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

have and disclose an anti-bribery and

N/A

financial reporting.

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

4.1 The board of a listed entity should:

corruption policy; and

Partially Complies

(a) have an audit committee which:

(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and

The Audit Committee consists of two members as follows:

- (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board.
- Mr Bruce Gordon independent Non -Executive Director: and

The Board has established an Audit Committee

to safeguard the integrity of the Company's

Dr Martin Cross - independent Non -Executive Director.

Dr Martin Cross is Chair of the Audit

Committee.

Company's website.

the Annual Report.

The Audit Committee currently consists of only two members due to the size of the overall Board of Directors. The Company considers that this size is appropriate at present but will consider increasing the membership to three members if any new directors are added to the Board.

The Audit Committee Charter is posted on the

The qualifications and experience of each

member of the Committee and the number of

Audit Committee meetings held and the attendances at those meetings is disclosed in

and disclose:

(3) the charter of the committee;

(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and

- (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Complies

The Board receives this assurance from the Chief Executive Officer and the Financial Controller for each of the financial periods.

4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not

Complies

Either the Board or the Audit Committee are responsible for reviewing and approving the release of any periodic corporate report not

N/A

audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

PRINCIPLE 5 - MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

Complies

The Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy to ensure that the Company complies with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules and to ensure accountability for compliance. The Continuous Disclosure Policy is posted on the Company's website.

The Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary have primary responsibility for ensuring that the Company complies with its continuous disclosure obligations.

5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board Complies receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

The Board currently review, and approve, all material market announcements prior to their release.

5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive Complies investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

The Company ensures that a copy of the presentation materials are released to the ASX ahead of any new and substantive investor or analyst presentation.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1 A listed entity should provide information Complies about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

All information pertaining to the Company can be located on the Company's website, including Management biographies, Director and overview of operations in the Annual Report, as well as a "Shareholder Information" landing page where copies of all announcements, presentations and reports can be located.

The Company also has a website landing page entitled "Corporate Governance" where all relevant corporate governance information can be accessed.

6.2 A listed entity should have an investor Complies relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

The Board has established practices to facilitate effective communication with shareholders. The Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary oversee this process through the

Company's website and newsletter updates. Regular briefings are held with professional investors. Prior to such briefings, any new information to be given is first released to the ASX and if significant, is later distributed to shareholders/investors who have registered their email address with the Company.

6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it Complies facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

The Board has established a Public Disclosure Policy which is posted to the Company's website. The Policy seeks to promote effective communication with shareholders and encourage effective participation by shareholders at general meetings.

All shareholders are notified in writing of general meetings and are strongly encouraged to attend and participate in the Annual General Meetings of the Company, to lodge questions to be answered by the Board and / or Chief Executive Officer and are able to appoint proxies.

6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all Complies substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

The Company's Constitution states that the Chairperson may determine that any question to be submitted to a general meeting will be determined by a poll without first submitting the question to a show of hands.

It is intended that the Chairperson will make this determination for at least all substantive resolutions to be considered at a general meeting.

6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

Through the Company's website and through the website of the Company's share registry, security holders are invited to provide their email address to enable electronic communication to and from the Company and its share registry.

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 The board of a listed entity should:

Partially Complies

- (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director.

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.
- **7.2** The board or a committee of the board Complies should:
 - (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy

Due to the present size of the Company, the Company does not have a stand-alone risk management committee, however the full Audit Committee overseas the implementation of the Company's Risk Management Policy which is posted on the Company's website.

The Audit Committee consists of two members as follows:

- Mr Bruce Gordon independent Non Executive Director; and
- Dr Martin Cross independent Non Executive Director.

Dr Martin Cross is Chair of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee currently consists of only two members due to the size of the overall Board of Directors. The Company considers that this size is appropriate at present but will consider increasing the membership to three members if any new directors are added to the Board.

The Audit Committee Charter is posted on the Company's website.

The members of the Audit Committee are detailed above.

The qualifications and experience of each member of the Committee and the number of Audit Committee meetings held and the attendances at those meetings is disclosed in the Annual Report.

N/A

The Chief Executive Officer reports to the Board on the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks at each of the Board meetings held throughout

itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board: and

the year.

(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

A formal review of the Company's risk management framework in relation to the reporting period has not taken place.

7.3 A listed entity should disclose:

Complies

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- N/A

(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.

The Company does not have an internal audit function in respect of risk assessment.

The Board is responsible for reviewing and assessing the effectiveness of the Company's system of risk management and the Audit Committee is also responsible for reviewing at least annually the effectiveness of the Company's implementation of the risk management system and providing advice and recommendations to the Board regarding the ongoing development of governance, risk oversight, internal controls and management policies.

7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has Complies any material exposure to environmental and social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Any material exposure to economic risk is disclosed in the Annual Report of the Company.

PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

- 8.1 The board of a listed entity should:
- **Partially**
- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
- Complies
- (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of:

The Board has established a Nomination and

Remuneration Committee consisting of two

non-executive directors both of whom are

considered to be independent as per the

statement in respect of Principle 2.

- (2) is chaired by an independent director.
- Mr Bruce Gordon independent Non -Executive Director; and
- Dr Martin Cross independent Non -

Executive Director;

Mr Bruce Gordon is Chair of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee currently consists of only two members due to the size of the overall Board of Directors. The Company considers that this size is appropriate at present but will consider increasing the membership to three members if any new directors are added to the Board.

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The Board has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee charter, which is posted on the Company's website.

The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are detailed above.

The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meet on an ad hoc basis as needed during the year, the attendance of the members at meetings of the Committee are disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report

N/A

8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Board has not adopted a formal Remuneration Policy, however the Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviews the chief executive's package and senior executive bonuses periodically by reference to Company performance, executive performance, comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies and independent advice.

Executives and consultants may be entitled to participate in the Company's Employee Incentive Plan.

The amount of remuneration for all key management personnel for the Company, including all monetary and non – monetary

components, are detailed in the Directors' Report under the heading Key Management Personnel Compensation. All remuneration paid to executives is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Shares given to executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the executive. Options are valued using the Black – Scholes methodology.

The Board expects that the remuneration structure implemented will result in the Company being able to attract and retain the best executives to run the consolidated group. It will also provide executives with the necessary incentives to work to grow long – term shareholder value.

The payment of bonuses, options and other incentive payments are reviewed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee annually as part of the review of executive remuneration and a recommendation is put to the Board for approval. All bonuses, options and incentives must be linked to predetermined performance criteria. The Board can exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options and recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance.

- **8.3** A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:
 - (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
 - (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Does Not Comply

Whilst the Company has an Employee Incentive Plan in place it does not have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme

A summary of the Employee Incentive Plan is provided in each Notice of Meeting in which shareholder approval of the Plan is sought.